

**OPIOID PATCH SAFETY: COUNSELLING CHECKLIST**

**Patient details**

* If the patient is calling back, please attach a counselling required note.
* Appropriate health professional to issue prescriptions (e.g. assistant technical officers or students are **not** to issue these prescriptions without supervision).

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| **For completion by the clinical checker** |
|  | **Yes** | **No** | **Comment** |
| A | Has the patient received this treatment before? *Check that not opioid naïve.* |  |  |  |
| B | Has the dose changed? [Tool to calculate estimated dose equivalences of oral morphine to other oral opioids](https://www.sps.nhs.uk/articles/tool-to-calculate-estimated-dose-equivalences-of-oral-morphine-to-other-oral-opioids/)  |  |  |  |
| C | Is the brand of opioid patch the same as previously used? |  |  |  |
| D | Double-check for drug interactions when new items are prescribed |  |  |  |
| E | Has the patient been given information on breakthrough pain relief? |  |  |  |
| F | Presence of PIL within the packaging |  |  |  |
| **Counselling checklist: For completion by the counsellor** |
| **Check the patient knows:** | **Yes** | **No** | **Already aware** |
| a | **How many** patches to apply and **how often** |  |  |  |
| b | To choose the patch application site carefully and to not apply to the same site twice in a row (see PIL) |  |  |  |
| c | **To not apply the patch to broken, irritated or irradiated skin.** Ensure skin is non-hairy and dry before application. If necessary, cut hair with scissors; do not shave the area before applying a patch |  |  |  |
| d | **Never to cut the patch** |  |  |  |
| e | **The process for applying the patch (refer to PIL):*** Remove old patch and carefully fold it over so sticky sides are stuck together. Put back in its original pouch and safely dispose of it out of sight/reach/discovery of children/animals
* Apply new patch (avoid touching sticky sides)
* Press patch firmly in place for 30–60 seconds and wash hands afterwards
 |  |  |  |
| f | That it may be helpful to use a calendar to record day of application |  |  |  |
| g | That the patch may not start or stop working straight away |  |  |  |
| h | If the patch falls off, start another patch. Do not re-use patch. If the edge of the patch starts to peel, use suitable tape (e.g. white surgical tape, transparent adhesive film dressing) to secure the patch |  |  |  |
| i | **To keep patches out of sight/reach/discovery of children and animals and to seek immediate medical attention if patch is swallowed, or it is applied to the skin of anyone other than the patient.** Patches are not plasters! Incidents have involved children mimicking what they have seen others do. *Deaths* have occurred where children have removed patches from co-sleeping adults.Wearing an item of clothing over the patch when sharing a bed with children or a partner is recommended. *Deaths* have also occurred where children have swallowed discarded/‘fallen-off’ patches |  |  |  |
| j | **The effect of heat on patch.** Avoid exposure of patches to heat including via hot water (e.g. hot baths, hot showers, hot water bottles, heat pads or heat blankets). Avoid hot tubs and saunas. Keep the patch area out of excessive sun. Store patches away from heat sources. **Seek urgent medical advice if feverish.** *The body can absorb too much medicine if patch is exposed to excessive heat* |  |  |  |
| k | **Signs and symptoms of too much medicine and what to do.** Seek medical attention immediately (by dialling 999 and requesting an ambulance) if overdose is suspected. For example, if trouble breathing, or shallow/very slow breathing; extreme sleepiness or sedation; inability to think/walk/talk normally; feeling faint, confused or more dizzy than usual |  |  |  |
| l | That opioid patches may cause **drowsiness** and **affect ability to drive/operate machinery**. **Do not drive/operate machinery if affected**. Alcohol may potentiate these effects |  |  |  |
| m | That long-term use of opioids in non-cancer pain (>3 months) carries an increased risk of dependence and addiction, even at therapeutic doses. |  |  |  |
| n | To use a regular community pharmacy and seek their advice when buying OTC/herbal products (*e.g. antifungals for thrush, antihistamines*) |  |  |  |
| o | To bring medicines/current medicines list to clinic/hospital/attend out-of-hours services/dentist/A&E/for scans, X-rays or any hospital procedures. *Medicine-containing patches cannot be worn during an MRI scan* |  |  |  |
| **Discussed with:** | **Counselled by:** | **Information to patient/carer *□*** | **Documented (e.g. on PMR/MUR) *□*** | **Date:** |

The *Opioid Patch Information to Keep Patients Safe* (available in [English](https://awmsg.nhs.wales/files/guidelines-and-pils/opioid-patch-information-to-keep-patients-safe-pdf/) and [Welsh)](https://awmsg.nhs.wales/files/guidelines-and-pils/gwybodaeth-am-glytiau-opioid-er-mwyn-cadw-cleifion-yn-ddiogel-pdf/) should be given to patients to serve as a reminder of the safety issues discussed regarding the use and storage of their opioid patches. It should therefore be given to the patient after completing this checklist.

Acknowledgement of Source: **All Wales Medicines Strategy Group. Safeguarding Users of Opioid Patches by Standardising Patient/Caregiver Counselling. September 2016 (Updated December 2020). Available at:** [awttc.nhs.wales](https://awttc.nhs.wales/medicines-optimisation-and-safety/medicines-optimisation-guidance-resources-and-data/prescribing-guidance/safeguarding-users-of-opioid-patches-by-standardising-patient-and-caregiver-counselling/)

Adapted and approved by Surrey Heartlands Medicines Safety Committee on 9th February 2022